2 (Göteborg 1, misc. 1); Danish 5; Irish 39, Beal IV 314f., V 52f.; French 2; Catalan: Amades No. 185; Flemish 2; Walloon 1; German 7; Italian (Sicilian 3); Rumanian 7; Hungarian 6, Dégh No. 27; Czech: Tille Soupis II (2) 426f. 2; Slovenian 4; Serbocroatian 21; Polish 21; Russian: Afanasiev 5; Greek 8, Loukatos No. 6; Turkish: Eberhard-Boratav No. 56 9; India 16; Indonesian: DeVries No. 200. — Franco-American 1; English-American: Baughman 2; Spanish-American: Rael Nos. 268, 269 (U.S.), Hansen (Dominican Republic) 1, (Puerto Rico) 3; Cape Verde Islands: *Parsons MAFLS XV (1) 118 n. 1; West Indies (Negro) 4. — African 17. — Literary Treatment: Chavannes 500 Contes I 382 No. 112.

670A The Woman Who Understood Animal Languages.

I. The Ring and the Corpse. A newly married bride hears jackals, etc., talking and learns that a corpse floating in the river has on its finger a valuable ring [N547]. She pulls the corpse from the river and removes the ring. (a) In order to remove the ring she has to bite off the finger. Her husband sees her, believes her to be a cannibal ogress [N342.6], and decides to return her to her family.

II. Reconciliation. En route she overhears animals (birds) telling where a treasure is hidden. Her husband learns the truth and they are reconciled. (a) The husband stays to guard the treasure and the wife returns for her father-in-law. He sees her coming back alone, believes she has killed his son and is returning to kill him, and slays her before she has a chance to speak.

India 8.

670B* changed to 671B*.

The Three Languages. The youth learns the languages of dogs, birds, and

frogs. Through this knowledge he makes his fortune.

The father drives him out for his stupidity and orders him killed, but a compassionate servant substitutes an animal's heart and lets him escape. By means of his knowledge he cures a sick princess or discovers a treasure (cf. Type 613 III b, c) and marries a princess. Later a bird indicates his election as pope (king).

Often mixed with Type 517.

Motifs:

D217. Animal language learned. B215.2. Dog language. B215.1. Bird language. B215.4. Frog language. L425. Dream (prophecy) of future greatness causes banishment (imprisonment). S11. Cruel father. M373. Expulsion to avoid fulfillment of prophecy. K512.2. Compassionate executioner: substituted heart. B580. Animal helps men to wealth and greatness. H346. Princess given to man who can heal her. D2101. Treasure magically discovered. H41.3. Test of king (pope): his candle lights itself. H171.2. Bird indicates election of king (pope). L161. Lowly hero marries princess.

- *BP I 322 (Grimm No. 33). Finnish-Swedish 1; Lithuanian 4; Danish 1; Icelandic 1; Irish 5, Beal XVII 231ff., XVIII 59ff.; French 14; Flemish 3; German 4; Italian (Tuscan [335] 1); Hungarian: Berze Nagy (762*) 2; Czech: Tille Soupis I 30 7; Slovenian 6; Serbocroatian 3, Istrian No. 43; Polish 2; Russian: Afanasiev 7; Greek 2. Franco-American 7. African 9.
- 671* The Father Sends his Son into the Woods to Learn Animal Languages [B217]. The son saves his father from the hostile army with whom a bridge collapses as they are crossing it.

 Livonian (671) 1.
- 671B* The Host Puts the Frog into his Spring to spend the winter. In gratitude [B165.2] the frog teaches him the language of animals, by means of which the host learns that his people are mistreating the animals.

 Livonian (670B) 2.
- 671C* Servant Understanding Language of Birds learns that lost ring has been swallowed by a duck.

 Polish (668) 4.
- 671D* To Die Next Day. A farmer, who listens to the conversation of the beasts, finds that he is to die the next day. The prediction comes true.

 Polish (669) 18.
- 671E* A Magic Boy. A boy understands the language of the birds and can interpret dreams. A merchant takes him as if in payment for goods and orders him slaughtered. He orders the heart and liver of this boy served him for dinner in order that he may obtain his wisdom. The boy escapes. The merchant is called to the tsar to interpret a dream. He cannot do this. The boy appears, interprets the dream and exposes the merchant.

 Finnish 2; Russian: Afanasiev (*671 I) 6.
- 671F* The Language of Flowers. Philosopher in contest with a physician plays dumb and obtains liquid which teaches him the language of flowers. With this knowledge he defeats the physician.

 Polish (661) 1.
- 671G* Language of Oxen learned from fernseed in one's boots. Slovenian 1.
- 672 The Serpent's Crown [D1011.3.1, B244.1]. The knowledge of animal languages from the serpent's crown [B165.1.2]. Other powers. Slovenian 15; Serbocroatian 3.
- 672A A Man Steals a Serpent's Crown. He throws a garment behind him when the serpent pursues. The cook cooks the crown and learns, in place of his master, the language of animals, or (and) receives wealth [B112].

 BP II 464. Finnish (672) 9; Estonian (672*) 36; Lithuanian 6; Livonian; Czech: Tille Soupis II (2) 386f. 17; Serbocroatian 1; Polish 11; Russian: Andrejev.
- 672B A Little Girl Takes away the Gold Crown which the serpent has laid down [B765.2]. The serpent dies [E714.2].

 *BP II 463. Swedish (misc.) 1; Polish 2.
- 672C Serpent at Wedding Leaves Crown. In return for milk which the maid has